

Examples of Solving *Cm* Cons*



Solving P-2 from Sample *Cm*

Patristocrat

* "*Cm* Cons" means "cipher constructions in *The Cryptogram*" -- the bi-monthly publication for members of the American Cryptogram Association (ACA) -- www.cryptogram.org

Examples of Solving

This series shows specific examples of solving ACA ciphers. It tries to give successive hints of what to look at, then follows through by using each hint, building to the solution.

Try to solve the cipher on your own, using as many hints as you need, or just read along.

Please report errors or send suggestions to nudge@cryptogram.org

References

- The ACA and You, Ch. 4, How to Solve a Problem in *The Cryptogram*.
- The ACA and You, Ch. 8, ACA Guidelines (for keyword alphabets).
- Beginner's Guide to the American Cryptogram Association, by CODE PENGUIN.

What is simple substitution?

In a simple substitution cipher, plaintext letters are replaced according to a cipher alphabet. No letter replaces itself. There are four standard arrangements of keyed alphabets.

ABCDEFGHIJKLMN OPQRSTUVWXYZ	K1	GTD CDEFGHI
xz <u>keyword</u> abcdefghijklmnpqstuv		one keyword

XZ <u>KEYWORD</u> ABCFGHIJLMNPQSTUV	K2	HGY BYUSILE
abcdefghijklmnopqrstu vwxyz		one keyword

XZ <u>KEYWORD</u> ABCFGHIJLMNPQSTUV	K3	DQW YWORDAB
uvxz <u>keyword</u> abcdefghijklmnpqst		one keyword

XZ <u>KEYWORD</u> ABCFGHIJLMNPQSTUV	K4	CZQ MBEZQTGU
vwxyz <u>alphabet</u> cdfgijklmnoqr su		two keywords

Getting started on a Patristocrat

- A Patristocrat is a simple substitution cipher without word divisions. Plaintext letters are replaced according to a cipher alphabet.
- Look for common letters (E,T,A,O,N,R,I,S), common digrams (TH, AN, ER...) or trigrams (THE, YOU...)
- There may be a crib word that appears in the message. Use letter frequencies or patterns to help locate its possible positions.
- Guess a word. See how that affects other words.
- Build a reference alphabet to look for patterns/keywords.

Solving P-2 from Sample Cm

P-2. K2 [86/19] An eternal game (NSAJSYJI) BOATTAIL
SVUUVW VRTNB XMUEI UYIHC TFLBO RIXHB OOVNM UUMUI YIIUY
LMOYT YLOII IMKLY TSMRR MVUFV WMIXL BEICI IUXVR H.

What does the first line tell us?

Cipher ID: P-2.

Title: “An eternal game.” A clue to plaintext content?

Key type is K2 -- watch for a keyword in the ciphertext alphabet.

Cipher length is 81 letters. 19 different letters are used.

Crib word (in Caesar cipher) is NSAJSYJI – a pattern word!

Created by ACA member BOATTAIL.

Solving P-2 from Sample *Cm*

The crib was given in Caesar cipher (in case one might want to try solving without a hint). We will use the crib word, so we first need to solve the Caesar cipher.

Crib word: NSAJSYJI

Solving P-2 from Sample *Cm*

The crib was given in Caesar cipher (in case one might want to try solving without a hint). We will use the crib word, so we first need to solve the Caesar cipher.

Caesar cipher shifts all letters the same amount. Try shifting the letters either forward or backward until they make sense.

	Forward	Backward
Crib word: NSAJSYJI	OTBKTZKJ	MRZIRXIH
	PUCLUALK	LQYHQWHG

Solving P-2 from Sample *Cm*

The crib was given in Caesar cipher (in case one might want to try solving without a hint). We will use the crib word, so we first need to solve the Caesar cipher.

Caesar cipher shifts all letters the same amount. Try shifting the letters either forward or backward until they make sense.

	Forward	Backward
Crib word: NSAJSYJI	OTBKTZKJ	MRZIRXIH
	PUCLUALK	LQYHQWHG
	QVDMVBML	KPXGPVGF
	RWENWCNM	JOWFOUFE
	SXFOXDON	INVENTED (***)

Crib word: invented

Solving P-2 from Sample Cm

The crib word, “invented,” has a repeated N and E. The crib might be located wherever ciphertext letters repeat similarly.

Where might the crib be placed?

```
SVUUVW VRTNB XMUEI UYIHC TFLBO RIXHB OOVNM UUMUI YIIUY
-----
LMOYT YLOII IMKLY TSMRR MVUFV WMIXL BEICI IUXVR H.
-----
```

```
----- CIPHERTEXT (K2)
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz plaintext
```

Solving P-2 from Sample Cm

Where might the crib be placed? There seems to be one place.

MUEIUYIH matches the pattern of INVENTED.

Fill those in. Look for possible words or K2 alphabet clues.

```
SVUUVW VRTNB XMUEI UYIHC TFLBO RIXHB OOVNM UUMUI YIIUY
--n-- ----- -inve nted- ----- -e-d- ----i nnine teent
LMOYT YLOII IMKLY TSMRR MVUFV WMIXL BEICI IUXVR H.
-i-t- t--ee ei--t --i-- i-n-- -ie-- -ve-e en--- d.
```

```
---HI---M---U-----Y-E----- CIPHERTEXT (K2)
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz plaintext
```

Solving P-2 from Sample Cm

The K2 alphabet suggests that “JKL” might stand for “fgh.”
The words NINETEEN THIRTY THREE suggest themselves, and that is consistent with the K2 alphabet guess.
Let’s try those.

```
SVUUVW VRTNB XMUEI UYIHC TFLBO RIXHB OOVNM UUMUI YIIUY
--n-- --y-- -inve nted- y-h-r -e-d- rr--i nnine teent
LMOYT YLOII IMKLY TSMRR MVUFV WMIXL BEICI IUXVR H.
hirty three eight y-i-- i-n-- -ie-h -ve-e en--- d.
```

```
---HIJKLM----U---O-Y-E--T-    CIPHERTEXT (K2)
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz    plaintext
```

Solving P-2 from Sample Cm

In the second line, just after “eighty”, is SMRRMVU, with M=i and U=n. What might this be? Does the K2 alphabet give any clue?

```
SVUUVW VRTNB XMUEI UYIHC TFLBO RIXHB OOVNM UUMUI YIIUY
--n-- --y-- -inve nted- y-h-r -e-d- rr--i nnine teent
LMOYT YLOII IMKLY TSMRR MVUFV WMIXL BEICI IUXVR H.
hirty three eight y-i-- i-n-- -ie-h -ve-e en--- d.
```

```
---HIJKLM----U---O-Y-E--T-    CIPHERTEXT (K2)
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz    plaintext
```

Solving P-2 from Sample Cm

In the second line, just after “eighty”, is SMRRMVU, with M=i and U=n.

Maybe V=o? And maybe R=l, and S=m? Giving the word MILLION? Let’s try that.

What’s next? What’s at the beginning of the cipher?

```
SVUUVW VRTNB XMUEI UYIHC TFLBO RIXHB OOVNM UUMUI YIIUY
mono- oly-- -inve nted- y-h-r le-d- rro-i nnine teent
LMOYT YLOII IMKLY TSMRR MVUFV WMIXL BEICI IUXVR H.
hirty three eight ymill ion-o -ie-h -ve-e en-ol d.
```

```
---HIJKLM--RSUV--O-Y-E--T-    CIPHERTEXT (K2)
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz    plaintext
```

Solving P-2 from Sample Cm

V=o, so maybe W=p? And that would give us MONOPOLY as the first word. Sounds like a good guess.

So what might come between MONOPOLY and INVENTED?

```
SVUUVW VRTNB XMUEI UYIHC TFLBO RIXHB OOVNM UUMUI YIIUY
monop oly-- -inve nted- y-h-r le-d- rro-i nnine teent
LMOYT YLOII IMKLY TSMRR MVUFV WMIXL BEICI IUXVR H.
hirty three eight ymill ion-o pie-h -ve-e en-ol d.
```

```
---HIJKLM--RSUVW-O-Y-E--T-    CIPHERTEXT (K2)
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz    plaintext
```

Solving P-2 from Sample Cm

It looks like it could start MONOPOLY WAS INVENTED BY...
Let's try that.

What could the final letter be? And how does the K2 alphabet finish up?

```
SVUUVW VRTNB XMUEI UYIHC TFLBO RIXHB OOVNM UUMUI YIIUY  
monop olywa sinve ntedb y-har lesda rrowi nnine teent  
LMOYT YLOII IMKLY TSMRR MVUFV WMIXL BEICI IUXVR H.  
hirty three eight ymill ion-o piesh avebe ensol d.
```

```
BC-HIJKLM--RSUVW-OXY-EN-T-    CIPHERTEXT (K2)  
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxy      plaintext
```


Solving P-2 from Sample Cm

F=c completes the plaintext.

And how does the K2 alphabet finish up?

```
SVUVW VRTNB XMUEI UYIHC TFLBO RIXHB OOVNM UUMUI YIIUY  
monop olywa sinve ntedb ychar lesda rrowi nnine teent  
LMOYT YLOII IMKLY TSMRR MVUFV WMIXL BEICI IUXVR H.  
hirty three eight ymill ionco piesh avebe ensol d.
```

```
BCFH IJKLM--RSUVW-OXY-EN-T-      CIPHERTEXT (K2)  
abcdefghijklmnopqrstu vwxyz      plaintext
```

Solving P-2 from Sample Cm

And how does the K2 alphabet finish up?

PQ are the missing letters between M & R.

Z probably comes right after W.

The remaining letters to be placed are: A, D, G. Can you find the keyword?

```
SVUUVW VRTNB XMUEI UYIHC TFLBO RIXHB OOVNM UUMUI YIIUY  
monop olywa sinve ntedb ychar lesda rrowi nnine teent  
LMOYT YLOII IMKLY TSMRR MVUFV WMIXL BEICI IUXVR H.  
hirty three eight ymill ionco piesh avebe ensol d.
```

```
BCFH IJKLMPQRSUVWZOXY-EN-T-      CIPHERTEXT (K2)  
abcdefghijklmnopqrstu vwxyz        plaintext
```

Solving P-2 from Sample Cm

Looks like OXYGENATED could be the keyword.

Record the solution so you could later submit it for credit

P-2 OXYGENATED monopoly was invented by charles darrow in

```
SVUUVW VRTNB XMUEI UYIHC TFLBO RIXHB OOVNM UUMUI YIIUY  
monop olywa sinve ntedb ychar lesda rrowi nnine teent  
LMOYT YLOII IMKLY TSMRR MVUFV WMIXL BEICI IUXVR H.  
hirty three eight ymill ionco piesh avebe ensol d.
```

```
BCFH IJKLMPQRSUVWZ OXYGENATD CIPHERTEXT (K2)  
abcdefghijklmnopqrstu vwxyz plaintext
```



Thank you. Try another.
Try the ACA!

The American Cryptogram Association (ACA) is a non-profit organization dedicated to promoting the hobby and art of cryptanalysis – learning to break ciphers. And we write ciphers, too. Our Sample Issue and all its solution tutorials are available on our website:

www.cryptogram.org/resource-area/sample-issue-cryptogram/