PROGRESSIVE KEY (100-150 letters)

The plaintext is set up in period length groups. Ordinary periodic (here Vigenère) encipherment using the keyword yields a "primary" ciphertext as shown below just under the plaintext. Then a second encipherment of the same type using a progressing key letter (Kp) for each group gives the final ciphertext. For a progression index of 1, the derived progressive key for the second encipherment is A for the first group, B for the second group, etc. For a progression index of 2, the progressive key would be A, C, E, etc. for successive groups.

Key: GRAPEFRUIT, period 10

K: GRAPEFRUIT GRAPEFRUIT GRAPEFRUIT pt: this cipher canbeusedwith any of th C1: ZYIHGNGBMK IRNQIZJYLP OKHPRDFZBAKp: A B C
C2: ZYIHGNGBMK JSORJAKZMQ QMJRTFHBDC

CT: ZYIHG NGBMK JSORJ AKZMQ QMJRT FHBDC NJHJP WXFNO.